Decision Dynamics via Coupled 2-D Map Yun Tao

- Motivation
- Empirical basis
- Mathematical model
- Python simulation
- Future development



Why bother?

- Population biology
 - Spatial ecology
 - Behavioral ecology
 - Population dynamics
 - Evolution
- Economics
- Sociology
 - Global commons

- Future models require:
 - State-dependency
 - Past-dependency (memory)
 - Rationality
 - Information flow
 - Suboptimality



Decision dynamics

- Tradeoff
 - Rewards/Strategies
 - 'Commitment' cost -Time/Fitness-related variable
 - * Preference*



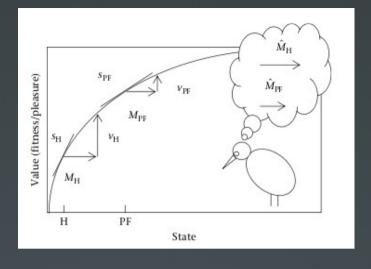
Case study

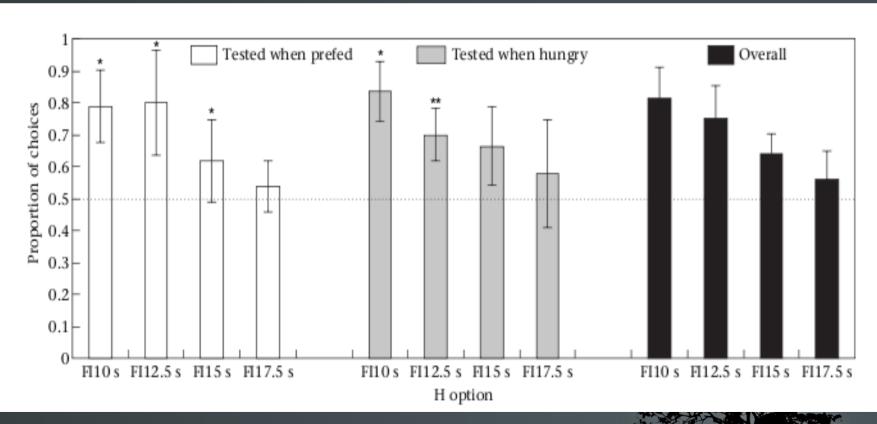


- Two Food options of equal 'intrinsic' value
- Trained under hungry/prefed conditions
- Test for preference under both conditions



In a nut shell..





In other words...

 ω : intrinsic option value

v: fitness gain

E : agent weariness

S: agent satiation | activeness

 δ : metabolic decay

 ϵ : chance of occurrence

 β : suboptimal preference

φ: impatience exponent

if
$$\omega_t = \omega_t^p$$

$$E_{t+1} = E_t e^{\delta(1-E_t)} - \epsilon_t \omega_t$$

$$\beta_{t+1} \approx 0$$

else
$$E_{t+1} = E_t e^{\delta(1-E_t)} - \epsilon_t \omega_t \beta_t$$

$$\beta_{t+1} = \beta_t e^{\varphi}$$



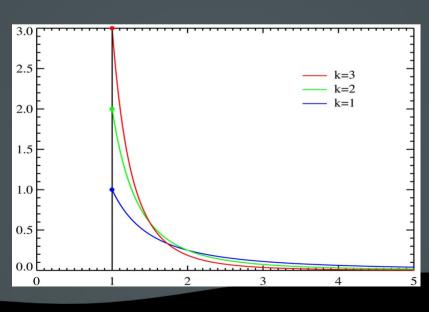
Memory Box

For each $\epsilon_t = 1$, $\omega_t = pareto.rv(k_t) \zeta, k_t = f(E_t)$ $\{\omega_t\}_{t \ge 0} \rightarrow storage$

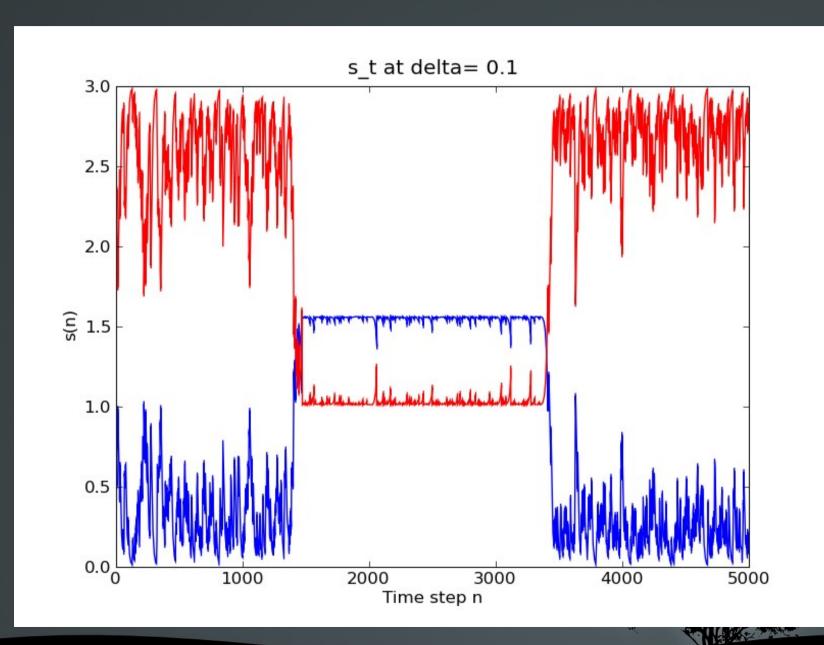
$$v_t = \sin(S_t + \omega_t) - \sin(S_t), S_t = \frac{\pi}{2} - E_t$$

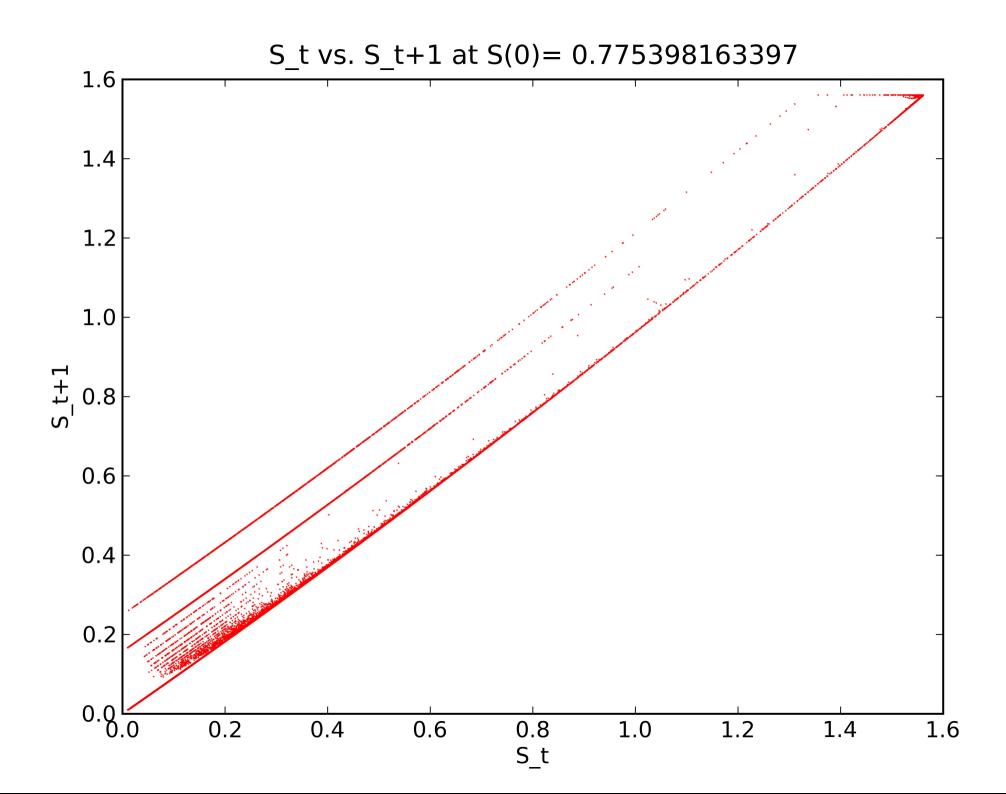
$$\{v_t\}_{t\geq 0} \to storage$$

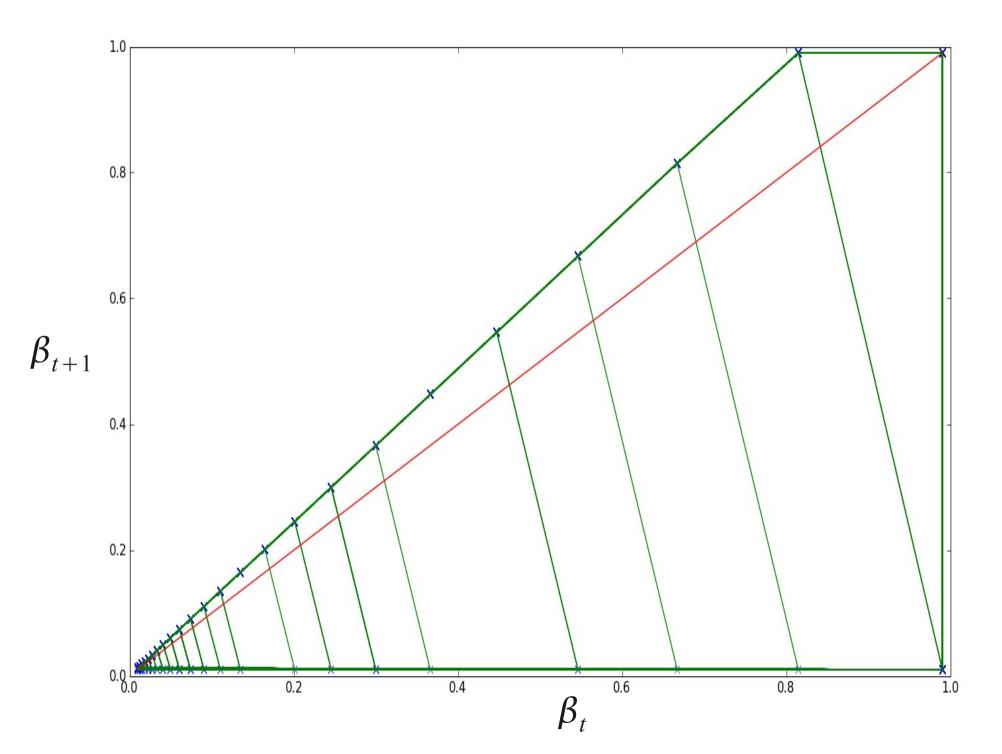
$$\boldsymbol{\omega}_{t}^{p} = \{\boldsymbol{\omega}_{t} : \boldsymbol{v}_{t} = \max\{\boldsymbol{v}_{t}\}_{t \geq 0}\}$$

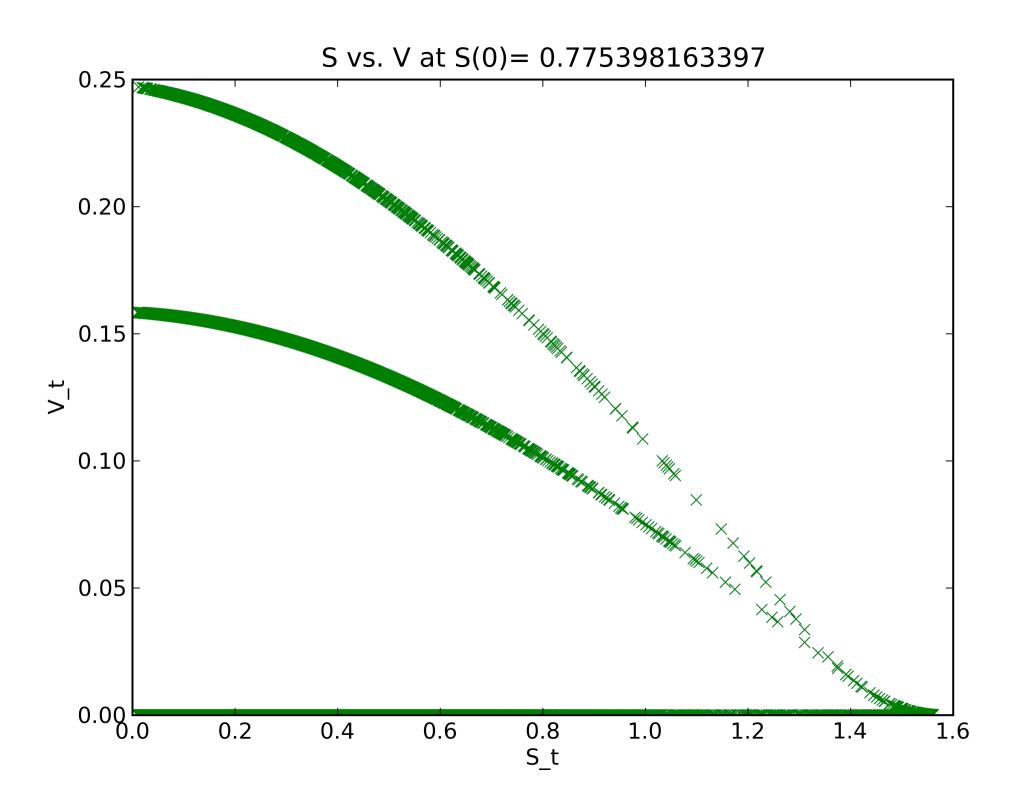


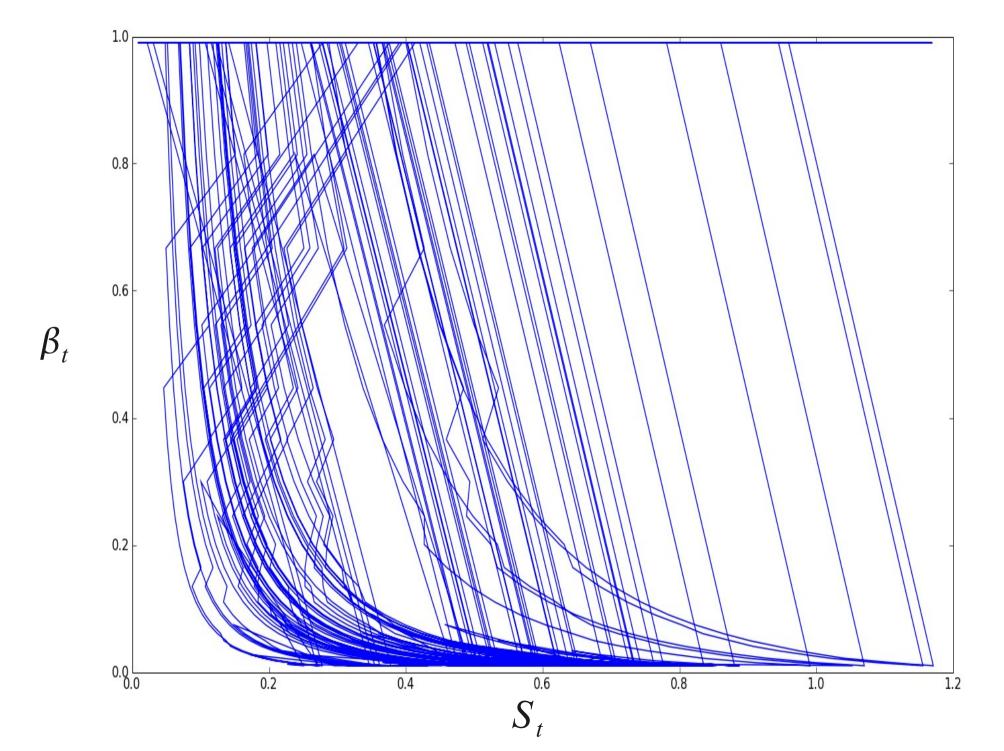
Python it up!!











Still so much more to do...

- Tranlate to continuous system
 - Options + time
- Incorporate rationality
 - Expected commitment
 - Environmental assessment
 - Future prediction
 - Learning
- Relate to game theory
- Multi-dimensionality

- Greater realism in behavioral response
 - Benefit delay
 - Parametric state-dependence
 - Memory loss/gain through repetition
 - Choice-locking
- Stability analysis
- Scaling law present?