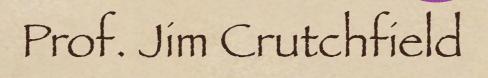
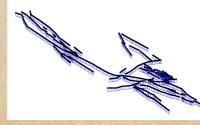
### Nonlinear Physics-Modeling Chaos & Complexity



Physics Department & Complexity Sciences Center University of California, Davis cse.ucdavis.edu/~chaos







### Mechanism Revived

- Deterministic chaos
  - Nature actively produces unpredictability
- What is randomness?
- Where does it come from?
- Specific mechanisms:
  - Exponential divergence of states
  - Sensitive dependence on parameters
  - Sensitive dependence on initial state

### Brief History of Chaos

#### Discovery of Chaos:

- 1890s, Henrí Poincaré
- Invents Qualitative Dynamics

#### Dynamics in 20th Century

- Develops in Mathematics (Russian & Europe)
  Exiled from Physics

#### Re-enters Science in 1970s

- Experimental testsSimulation

#### Flourishes in Mathematics:

- Ergodic theory & foundations of Statistical Mechanics
  Topological dynamics
  Catastrophe/Singularity theory
  Pattern formation/center manifold theory

## Discovering Order in Chaos

#### Problem:

- No "closed-form" analytical solution for predicting future of nonlinear, chaotic systems
- One can prove this!
- Consequence:
  - Each nonlinear system requires its own representation
- Pattern recognition: Detecting what we know
- Ultimate goal: Causal explanation
  - What are the hidden mechanisms?
- Pattern discovery: Finding what's truly new

# Major Roadblock to the Scientific Algorithm No "closed-form" analytical solutions Baconían cycle of successívely refining models broken Solution:

- Qualitative dynamics: "Shape" of chaos
- Computing

# Logic of the Course

- Two parallel themes
- Conceptual:
  - Deterministic Chaos: Emergence of randomness
  - Self-organization: Emergence of order
  - Complex systems: Balance of order & chaos
- Tools:
  - Building: Programming
  - Uses: Exploration & analysis

# How to do this?

Mathematics of dynamical systems
Computing methods:
Numerical simulation
Interactive visualization

## Goals

Comfortable with state space
Understand geometric mechanisms
of unpredictability
Measure the degree of chaos and order
Build your own exploration tools

### Demos?

- Lorenz chaotíc attractor
- Map lattice
- Spín system

### The Holodeck is Here! KeckCAVES

Sensory Immersive Environment
10' x 10' x 8' Room
Three Walls + Floor: Each a stereoscopic projection screen



#### KeckCAVES ...

- User View:
  - LCD Shutter Glasses
  - One user's head is tracked
- Users Interaction:
  - Wand
  - Position & Orientation
  - Buttons







Movie: User Manipulates Protein

http://keckcaves.org/

# Applications (a few) (Projects?)

- - Solid state: Bose-Einstein condensates, Charge-density waves, ...
  - Astronomy
  - Cosmology
- Chemistry:
  - Molecular dynamics
  - Reaction kinetics
  - Chemical oscillators
- Biology:
  - Population dynamics
  - Ecology
  - Evolution
  - Neurodynamics
- Social sciences:
  - Market dynamics
  - Game interactions
- Engineering:
  - Mechanical systems Electrical circuits

  - Fluid turbulence
  - Oscillations in Internet traffic through-put
- Health:
  - Epidemics

### Prerequisities

- Interest in modeling some dynamical phenomenon
  Mathematics:
  - Vector calculus
  - Línear algebra
  - · Lower division Math, Physics, or CS courses
- Programming:
  - Experience with C/C++, Java, or ...
  - We will use Python
- Preferred environment:
  - Laptop with Python v. 2.6 running

### Why Python?

• Open source & free! Hierarchy of programming structures:
 Procedural (like C/Fortran) Object oriented (like C++/Java)
Functional programming (like Haskell/Lisp) Interpreted, not compiled: Easy to test code, interactive Scriptable (like Perl) Can be slow! • Excellent libraries: OS, numerical, WWW, parallel, ... Wide range of tools available: • Development: e.g., Eclipse IDE



#### Organization: Two tracks

Parallel Theme I: Forms of Randomness, Order, & Intrinsic Instability
Qualitative Dynamics
Continuous-time ODEs and discrete-time maps
Bifurcations
Stability, Instability, and Chaos
Quantifying (In)Stability

### Organization: Two tracks ...

Parallel Theme II: Tools for Exploring Chaos and Complexity
Modeling methods
Programming
Simulation
Graphics
Interaction

### Organization: Two tracks ...

#### Each week:

- Theory first (Tuesday)
  Then Lab: Code up ideas (Thursday)

#### Field trip (May/June) Sensory Immersíve Envíronments KeckCAVES tour

# Who are we?

#### Me: JPC

Assistant: Benny Brown
You: (Please fill out questionnaire.)
Interests
Background
Abilities

# Course logistics

Course Website:

cse.ucdavis.edu/~chaos/courses/nlp/

Readings: Assignments on website
 Homework: Assignments on website
 Assigned first 2/3s of quarter

Project:

Remaining 1/3, presentation, written report, working code

Grading:

30% homework + 30% lab + 40% project

# Staying in touch

• Course Website:

cse.ucdavís.edu/~chaos/courses/nlp/

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chaos@cse.ucdavis.edu & brown@cse.ucdavis.edu

• Office hours

JPC: Wednesday 3-4 PM

BB: TBD

## Materials

#### Books

[NDAC] Nonlinear Dynamics and Chaos: with applications to physics, biology, chemistry, and engineering, S. H. Strogatz, Addison-Wesley, Reading, Massachusetts (2001). 2001 Printing is Important!

[Python] Learning Python, M. Lutz, Fourth Edition, O'Reilly & Associates (2009).

• [NLP] Nonlinear Dynamics Reader

cse.ucdavis.edu/~chaos/courses/nlp/Reader.html

• Lecture Notes online

### Software

- Goal: Learn via Analytical, Numerical, Coding
- Previous programming?
- Python Tools & Development:
  - Python v. 2.6
  - Suggested packages:
    - Numerical: NumPy, SciPy, & ScientificPython
    - Graphics: matplotlib & MayaVi & PyGlet
    - Images: PIL & ImageMagick
    - Development: iPython and others
  - See course web pages for configuration help: cse.ucdavis.edu/~chaos/courses/nlp/Software/
     Enthought Python Distribution 6.1: Windows, Linuses, & Mac

# Who has what?

- Fill out questionnaire
- Laptop?
- ♦ OS:
  - Windows?
  - OS X?
  - Linux?

#### Nonlinear Physics: Modeling Chaos and Complexity

#### Jim Crutchfield chaos@cse.ucdavis.edu; http://cse.ucdavis.edu/~chaos

#### Spring 2008 WWW: http://cse.ucdavis.edu/~chaos/courses/nlp/

	Questionnaire	APM	7
	Questionnane	CS	2
1.	Name:	MAT	1
2.	Graduate or Undergraduate (circle one)	ApSci	1
	<b>17 6</b>	MAE	1
		Civil	4
4.	Major/Field:	Econ	1
5.	What programming language(s) have you used?	1	1
	(circle all appropriate)		
	C or C++ or Java or Fortran or Python or Perl or Other	Matlab	5
6.	What level of programming experience do you have?	Lisp	3
	(circle one)	LabView	12
	Little or Moderate or Extensive	Haskell	2
7.	Are you familiar with Unix? Yes or No (circle one)	C#	2
	Do you have a laptop? Yes or No (circle one)	ASM	2
	21 3	Basic	2
9.	Which OS(es) does it run? (circle all appropriate)	SQL	1
	Windows or OS X or Linux	Lua	1
10	15 7 5	Ruby	1
10.	Do you have a desktop machine? Yes or No (circle one)	Pascal	1
11.	Which OS(es) does it run?	IDL	1
	(circle all appropriate)		
	Windows or OS X or Linux		
	12 2 6		

DUV

10

### Tasks: Done by Thursday

- Get your machine(s) running Python 2.6
- Computer lab:

2118 Math Sciences Bldg

- Currently testing installation
- Get your computing lab account: Instructions on course website.
- Familiarize yourself with Linux/Unix:
   See tutorials on course website.

# Reading To Do

NLP articles:
Lem "Odds"
"Chaos", Scientific American
NDAC:

• Chapters 1 & 2

### Homework O • Find three (3) examples of unpredictability that you encounter directly over the weekend. • For each, be prepared to discuss: Where did you encounter it? What was your interaction? Why do you consider it unpredictable? What effect did its unpredictability have on you? What aspects would you expect to be able to predict? How would you model it?

For each example write paragraph summarizing answers.

Math computer lab: 2118 MSB Thursdays we meet there, not in 185 Physics.

OS is Linux: Who needs help with Unix/Linux?

Create your account, go to http://www.math.ucdavís.edu/comp/class-accts Use vírtual course number MAT 998Z.